

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. IV. NO. 28.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23, 1892.

WHOLE NUMBER, 184

CROWDED

FROM TOP TO BOTTOM.

NEW GOODS EVERYWHERE.
NEW CLOTHING.
NEW HATS & CAPS.

NEW FURNISHING GOODS.
NEW SHOES FOR EVERYBODY.

No matter how big or how small you are,
we can fit you.

No Better Assortment Shown In The County.

We have hats that are stylish, We have clothing that will fit. We have neckties that are right in line. We have shoes that will wear like iron. Every time you buy of us you save money.

Hats. Hats.

Before you lay down your money for old chestnuts, just step in and take a look at the largest and nobbiest line of Fall hats ever shown in Chelsea. We have the colors and the shapes that cannot help but please you.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

CONDITION OF THE CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Of Chelsea, Michigan, on the 10th day of September, 1892.

State law guarantee fund and capital	\$112,951.34
Invested in choice bonds, mortgages and approved loans	176,108.80
Cash on hand and in other banks	59,541.93
Deposits on morning of above date	179,355.97

By the increase of business of the Chelsea Savings Bank, the year 1892 thus far, gives promise of being the most profitable of the twenty-four years of prosperous banking in Chelsea.

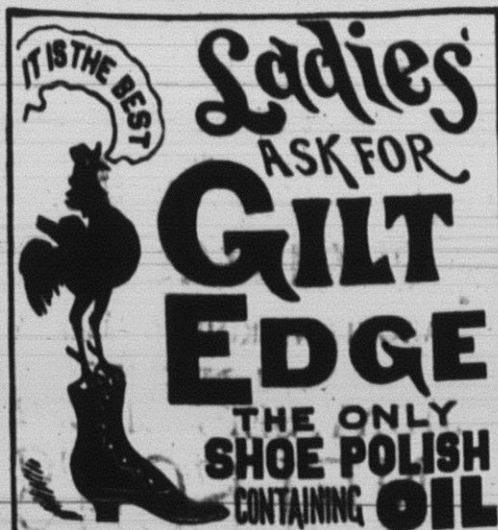
The bank pays interest on deposits according to the rules of the bank, also offers its patrons the use of the strongest and best protected bank vault safe in Central Michigan, and solicits your banking business.

Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

LIST OF DIRECTORS.

Samuel G. Ives, President	Thos. S. Sears, Vice President.
John R. Gates, Capitalist and Farmer.	Heman M. Woods, Capitalist.
Harmon S. Holmes, General Merchant.	Frank P. Glazier, Druggist.
Jas. L. Babcock, Capitalist.	Wm. J. Knapp, Hardware Merchant.

Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.



Also ask to see our 2.00 Women's Dongola, button, patent tip shoe, worth 2.50, every pair warranted.

I will also show you goods made by the best factories, and will save you 50 to 75cts on ever pair bought.

For wearing my goods have no equal and for fitting there are no better made.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: a family remedy.

From Our Neighbors.

George E. Bell, of Ann Arbor, admitted in court Monday that he had shot twice at his son with the intention of killing him. He was held to the circus court and in default of \$1,000 bail was sent to jail.

At the regular meeting of the council, Monday night one of the alderman reported that he had been stricken down that same morning with cholera and thought it would be a wise plan for the council to take some action in reference to the case. No immediate steps will be taken as it was thought best to leave the matter until the next meeting when the brother will doubtless make a further report of his condition.—Saline Observer.

During a conversation with a prominent Scio farmer a few days ago we casually remarked: "Very dry weather, isn't it?" "So some people seem to think," said our granger friend "Don't you think a little rain would be a good thing for the farmers?" we asked. At this astounding query he aimed one of his characteristic glances at us, and replied: "See here, young man! The Almighty has been farming it a darn sight longer than I have, and when he thinks the farmers need rain I haven't the slightest doubt but that he'll send it." Pretty good philosophy, that.—Dexter News.

The laugh seems to be on a couple of Dexter's railroad men who recently started out in quest of the festive "duck." They reached the Dover pond in safety and put up a flock of beauties. Art. stood majestically in the bow of the boat and blazed away his old smooth-bore and at the same instant George arose in the stern of the craft, like an avenging angel. Over went the boat, the boys getting the "duck," and down to the bottom of the pond went the whole business. After much work everything was rescued but we haven't yet found anyone sufficiently courageous to ask the boys how they enjoyed their "ducking."—Dexter News.

I heard a good thing the other day which will interest the readers of this column. Several Ann Arborites, of the male persuasion, went out to one of the famous resorts north of the city recently to spend a few days in hunting and fishing. All went well for a day or so when one of the gents, who is so unfortunate as to wear false teeth, had the misfortune to break his upper plate right into. One can imagine the predicament he was in, as there were none of the gentler sex in camp who could cater to one thus rendered powerless to masticate solids, so one of the company, who is quite a mechanic, thought he could "fix" the plate. So he hunted up the glue pot, a necessary article in camp, and glued the plate together which seemed to be solid. With triumph depicted on his countenance he carried the plate to his friend who put it in his mouth and began to eat his supper, which had just been prepared. For a few minutes all went well but as soon as the glue had become warm the parts separated and the glue became mixed with his food. After some time he succeeded in clearing his mouth of the mixture and then went to bed intending to return the next day to Ann Arbor and have his plate repaired, but in the night he was taken violently ill with cramps and the way he kept that camp of men waiting on him was a caution. One man nearly scalded his hands wringing out hot cloths to place upon the affected part, while others stood by with glasses of hot toddy which they administered in "small" doses. This was kept up until near morning when the pain left him and he quieted down and the poor tired watchers crept into bed. The following day the patient was too weak to return to the city but he passed the time in smoking cigarettes while the rest of the company put in several hours of good sleep.—Democrat.

SPECIAL * * * SALE

Commencing Saturday, Sept. 17th,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

CLOAKS

at our Cloak Department.

No such goods, no such prices, no such an assortment ever shown in Chelsea, as we have now. We are anxious to show you whether you intend buying or not. We are exclusive agents in Chelsea for Meyer Jonasson Co., of New York, who are the acknowledged leaders in their line. If you do wish to buy now, select one and have it laid one side for you. If we do not have what you want, we will get it for you. If you think of buying this year, we should be pleased to show you our line.

SPECIAL SALE OF DRESS GOODS.

Our stock complete.

Our price the lowest.

Our navy blue goods are especially attractive. Our line of wool goods at 50 cents cannot be matched. Our black Henriettas at \$1.00 have no equal in Chelsea.

OUR HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, GLOVE AND NOTION

stock contains everything you want.

We show in ladies', misses' and children's hosiery the best values that can be found at

25 CENTS!

IN UNDERWEAR we have a full line of combination suits for ladies.

H. S. HOLMES & CO

PURCHASERS

Who wish to get the
BEST VALUES FOR
THEIR MONEY

SHOULD BUY

LEWIS' WEAR RESISTER SHOES

For Sale at

R. A. Snyder's

If you have an
that needs ceaning or
repairing, bring it to us.

ORGAN

If you have a
that need repairs
of any kind come to us.

SEWING MACHINE

If you wish to buy a SEWING MACHINE, call on us and we can suit you. Our prices for new Sewing Machines range from \$20.00 to \$85.00. We also have some second hand machines ranging from \$5.00 to \$15.00. All goods sold by us fully warranted and all repairing guaranteed to give satisfaction.

HUMMEL AND WHITAKER.

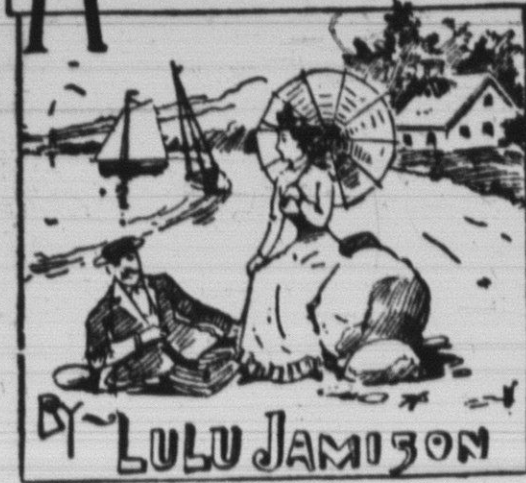
OUT-DOOR PLEASURES

No exercise so healthful—so joyful—
with so much of Nature's exhilaration—
so sensible—no facination so popular—
cycling is the monarch of sports—The
Columbia and the Hartford the king of
strengthful lightness—the accumulation
of bicycled everything—All about Col-
umbias and Hartfords free on application.



E. C. HILL, AGENT.

A WOMAN'S INFLUENCE



CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

She bent her head, pretending to examine the gleaming stones, but raised it immediately, to say rather slowly: "Tell me what you wish most, and you shall have it."

Brian gave a questioning glance at her half-averted face. He hesitated, but only for a second. The next he had caught her in his arms, and holding her against his beating heart he pressed a long, passionate kiss upon her passive lips.

She made not the slightest resistance, though her face had grown very white. He laid his own interpretation upon this sign. "You are angry," he said, allowing her to go at last.

"No, no, not angry; that was your Christmas gift."

She spoke with an effort and once more fell to admiring her pin. Brian watched her with a longing she felt rather than saw. To avoid his eyes she drew her chair closer to the fire and buried her head in its cushioned back. "It is odd," remarked Brian, after an awkward pause. "I think the world would smile to know that a husband is only permitted to kiss his wife on Christmas day."

"Some other time we will talk of that, Brian. Not now. It will only stir up old discords."

"There is always the shadow of discord between us," was the answer given with a sigh. "Heaven knows I should like to be a different man; but as I must be what I am, why can we not be happy together?"

"Are you unhappy?"

"You know I am. What pleasure can you find in hearing me say so? You know your love is the one thing I long for. Yet you will kill yourself in the interest of others, while for me—"

He paused with a passion more eloquent than words. Margaret could not reply immediately. A strange, nervous weakness benumbed her faculties, and she waited for a stronger moment to answer his reproaches.

"You speak unjustly," she said at last, with great effort. "I do not take pleasure in your unhappiness. If you knew how utterly exhausted I am, you would spare such remarks. They pain me. I—I can't bear them now."

She had risen from her chair with the last words, and with sudden trembling away as though she would faint.

"Margaret!" he cried, catching her in his arms, "tell me the trouble."

"I am only tired," was the answer, with a half sob as her head rested for a second on his shoulder. "Only very tired."

"I have been a brute," he rejoined, penitently. "I should have seen you were ill. Let me do something for you, darling."

"Oh, no, Brian; I thank you. I shall be better when I have slept. I need only that, I think. I must say good-night now."

With a sigh he let her go from him, and she moved away unsteadily; but coming back under the impulse of an after-thought, she said, very slowly:

"Brian, won't you try to believe that what I say is true and contented, and that I try very hard to make you so? If I am not a better woman it is not because I do not strive to be."

"No more," cried Brian, with much warmth. "Margaret, you hurt me. Not to win your love, but to be worthy of it, that should be my ambition. You are too good for me, I— Good-night."

CHAPTER XIV. A BITTER REVELATION.

The old year died amid the festivities incident to the season, and the new year was already a week old; but still Margaret had not regained her old-time spirits.

Brian was at first anxious and then annoyed. It was too bad of Margaret to look so pale and thin, when he liked to see her strong and well. Thus he argued with man's sublime selfishness.

"I wish you would tell me what is the matter with you," he said, rather sharply, at breakfast one morning. "You say you feel strong. You will not allow me to prescribe for you, nor will you see Dr. Phillips; and yet you go around looking like a ghost. I can't understand it."

"There is no necessity for trying, Brian. I was never rosy in my best days, and people often grow thin from very simple causes. Will you pass me a roll, please?"

"You need not try to deceive me," put in Brian, complying with her request. "It is well enough to talk of being pale and growing thin from simple causes. I know there is a reason for your indisposition. The place is dull enough, dear knows. I think you might try to be cheerful, if only for my sake."

Margaret's lips twitched. Her temper had been tried by several circumstances that morning, and now Brian's complaints capping the climax, put her in a mood for retaliation.

"I wish you had thought of the dullness before you married me," she retorted with the bitterness that filled her breast.

"I suppose you are angry now. I know you'll drive me mad. I wish I could hate you."

"Don't quarrel, please. I don't like it. If you do not find sufficient to interest you at home, it is not my fault, and I will not bear the blame."

Her eyes flashed as that determined will passed her lips.

"Are you going to the city again?" "Yes, to-morrow. I can't stand more than a little of this life at a time."

"Nor of my company," added Margaret, rather bitterly. "You are complimentary, decidedly."

"As to standing your company, Margaret, you know my feeling perfectly well. It is of the place, not you, I complain. What under heaven can a sane man do here?"

"What can he do in the city? What do you do there?"

Margaret asked this question very quietly.

"What can one do?" repeated Brian, ignoring the personality. "Rather ask: What can't he do? New York life is so flexible, my dear, that it bends to every caprice. Wonderful and accommodating both. There's pleasure for everybody. A thousand amusements to fill up one's time. Ask a Gothamite how he enjoys himself and hear his answer."

"Then from your account I am to assume that enjoyment is the end and aim of his existence. I think your Gothamite's life would not suit me."

"Not if you hold your present principles, certainly. Really, Margaret, you are a most self-opinionated young woman, and I'd be delighted if you would drop one or two of your theories by the wayside."

"I dare say it would be as well," was the answer; "they could not fall on more barren soil than your unappreciative mind offers."

"Say philosophical rather than unappreciative. You must admit that I have reason on my side. Show me the benefit of working one's self to death, when there is no necessity for it. You only see the surface, Margaret, but I go deeper."

"On the contrary," smiled Margaret, "you see only the surface, while I look deeper. You look only at the need of money, but I see a hundred efforts in which money has no part. Necessity is a very accommodating term, and has a different shade of meaning for different people. As for working one's self to death, I'm afraid that is also an accommodating term. A lazy man might consider the slightest exertion a step toward that lamentable end."

"I suppose I am that lazy man?" "I shouldn't be at all surprised. And, setting joking aside, Brian, I do think that no man has a right to do nothing. Lounging about day after day, with no higher ambition than to amuse one's self would, it seems to me, make a man or woman (more particularly a man), tired of himself. Now, don't look at me with that expression, please. I don't want to be a shrew, or a preacher, either. I detest everlasting preachers, and I don't intend to be one. Nevertheless, I wish to gracious you'd find something to do, and have a better reason for going to New York than your present one, which is—well, not particularly creditable."

Margaret's voice broke slightly, but she tried to hide the momentary weakness by sipping her coffee.

Brian's face had flushed very visibly at her allusion to the reason of his visits to the city and he, too, went on eating in silence.

"Margaret," he said, presently, "if you have any old men or women who need doctoring call me in and I'll show you what I can do. I'm pretty fair, notwithstanding my want of practice."

"Very well, Brian, be prepared for an early call. It is not your ability I doubt, though."

As he had said, Brian went to New York the next day. "I shall be back in a day or so," he told Margaret on bidding her good-by. "You may expect me."

Margaret did expect him, but she was disappointed.

The days passed, and after his first letter she heard no more from him. She became worried and anxious, though even to herself she would not acknowledge her alarm.

She did not dream of bodily harm. Intelligence of such a mishap would have reached her quickly. Yet in some intangible way she felt that he was in danger and needed her.

In cases like this philosophy is of little avail. To tell herself that this or that was impossible, that Brian was merely forgetful and indifferent, augmented rather than relieved her fears.

To relieve her mind she rode over to The Cedars to see and talk with Alice; but upon reaching her destination she was told that Alice had left the house with the intention of returning in a short time.

As she had the afternoon at her disposal, Margaret decided to wait; so she found her way to the small room adjoining the library and seated herself in a lounging chair. The house was very silent, and the room unusually warm, and as a consequence Margaret, becoming rather drowsy, was soon quite unconscious of her surroundings.

How long she remained so she did not know, but presently she was aroused by loud voices raised in some altercation. At first they were rather indistinct and seemingly put part of a dream.

"Very well, sir, go to the devil for all I care."

"The Colonel's voice," Margaret decided, still unable to shake off the impression of dreaming.

"What's the good of your education, I'd like to know?" the voice continued. "Do you imagine I gave you the opportunity of reading law for you to give it up when you grew tired? No, sir! This idea of writing that's turned your head is only another name for doing nothing. Confound me! I believe you want to be like that d—scoundrel, Leigh—"

Margaret started. Was this dreaming?

"You are mistaken," came the answer in Bertie's voice. "I have no desire to emulate Brian in any respect. Please credit me with some consideration for Alice."

"If you didn't show more for her than he does for his wife, I'd shoot you with my own hands. He ought to be hung, the scoundrel! Leaving his wife as he

has been doing, allowing his domestic affairs to be the talk of the neighborhood and her name to become the subject of discussion with every vulgar gossip in the place, and he galivanting around the city like a loafer, lounging in clubs, mornings, noons, and nights, and drunk at that. Beale saw him the other day lying on the club house steps, too drunk to move. And Margaret has thrown herself away on such a creature. Don't get so excited, you say? Do you think I am made of stone? Do you think I can talk quietly and calmly when I remember her? Why in the name of heaven do such men have wives? Why in the name of a just heaven should she have such a husband? And why in the name of the devil don't some one shoot or hang him?"

Margaret had heard all—every word. The Colonel's high-pitched denunciations, Bertie's lower but not less emphatic ones, and now she could hear the Colonel angrily pacing the library, his regular rapid steps seeming to keep time with her quick heart beats.

No, this was not dreaming. She was fully awake. And crouching down in her chair she pressed her hands over her eyes as though she would shut from her sight the shame and disgrace that was actually touching her life. Why had it never occurred to her before? Why had she not guessed that, while she passed her thoughtless, unthinking days in the safety of her own home, he was following a path of ruin amid the gilded temptations of New York? How much of the blame would lie at her door, and what would be the end? Ah! those bitter questions, with their more bitter possibilities!

Before her mind rose the memory of a solemn moment and the never-forgotten words:

"Don't forget Brian. Be good to him for my sake."

Did she need such memories to make her realize that now as never before his future, his destiny rested in her hands? She could not sit here and wait quietly for Alice nor could she be found here by either Bertie or the Colonel. She must leave the house unobserved if possible.

Alas! it was not possible. Scarcely had she reached the hall than Bertie, leaving the library at the same moment, came suddenly upon her.

"Margaret," he said, starting at sight of her. "You here? I did not know. You are in trouble. You are ill. Tell me."

"Heart-sick, Bertie, only heart-sick," she returned, with a half-sobbing breath, while she caught at the door for support. "I came to see Alice. She is out; I cannot wait longer."

"You have been waiting then," he questioned, quite bewildered by her strange manner. "Margaret," he added, with sudden revulsion, "you heard."

"Yes," she answered, lowering her eyes before his pitying glance. "I was in there and I heard all. I did not know before."

"Poor child," he said, with unusual gentleness. "If Brian could only see you now. I wish I could have told you less abruptly. It was cruel. Father will be so sorry. Let me bring him here. He might comfort you, Margaret."

Margaret smiled sadly, and leaned rather heavily against the stairway. "No, Bertie, no one can do that. It is impossible, impossible. I think his sympathy would be very hard to bear now. Don't pity me. Advise me. I feel so helpless. Have you known—long? Why has God sent me this—this trouble?"

It was hard for Bertie to meet this inquiry calmly.

"Not for any desert of yours," he said, rather huskily. "You ask me if I have known long. I'm afraid I must say yes. The first time I saw Brian not himself—I am hurting you."

"No. Go on, please. Tell me all. It can make very little difference now."

"I was surprised and shocked. I thought of you and I talked to Brian. He promised to do better. I believe he intended to, and I think he tried, but his resolutions are weak and easily broken. Do you remember the day I met you in the road and you remarked upon my long face? It was the day before Brian left on this last visit. I dreaded the result for him, and I determined to tell you all and let your persuasions influence him. But, Margaret, when I saw your face my heart failed me, and I allowed the opportunity to slip. Yet you can remember how earnest I was in begging you to use your influence to keep Brian at home. Here the temptation seems to have no power over him. I think your presence must be the cause. Unfortunately, though, he loves the allurements of city life. And you are not there."

"No, but I shall be," returned Margaret, lifting her grateful eyes to his. "Thank you for showing me the way."

"It is so little to thank me for," he returned, sadly. "I wish I could do a thousand times more for you. If Brian is not content to stay with you at Elmwood, the next best thing is for you to be with him in New York. It will be a gain for him, but leaving your home will be a heavy sacrifice for you. Do you feel called upon to make it?"

He looked kindly in her face, but he found no hesitation there.

"A hundred times, if necessary," she responded. "I had not thought of that part, and I cannot speak of it yet. Will you see that John brings my horse? And remember me to Alice and your father, please."

"Keep up a brave heart," he said, as he helped her on her horse a few moments later, "and don't forget me if you need a friend, though heaven grant you never may."

Margaret nodded. She could not speak, and pressing her hand with sympathetic warmth, Bertie watched her ride away, and then went in to recount to his father all that had passed between them.

This served to increase the old gentleman's indignation at what he called Brian's despicable conduct.

While Bertie talked he paced the room, alternately praising Margaret, whom he loved like a daughter, and condemning Brian, who, in his estimation, had been false alike to the highest principle of manhood and to the honor and respect due to his wife.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

STORM FOLLOWS STORM

EARLY OCTOBER WILL BRING ROUGH WEATHER.

The Central Valleys to Be Visited About the 2d Prox., the Culmination to Occur on the Atlantic Coast on the 5th.

Foster's Weather Forecasts.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from 25th to 29th, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 30th, cross the Western mountains about the close of Oct. 1, the great central valley from October 2 to 4, and the Eastern States about the 5th.

This disturbance will develop its greatest force on the 5th and 6th in the Eastern States and on the Atlantic coast, and will affect the weather of all the Atlantic States.

The cool wave will cross the Western mountains about Oct. 3, the great central valleys about the 5th, and the Eastern States about the 7th.

Local Forecasts.

Weather changes move from west to east across the continent, and each local forecast is made for within 250 miles east and west of the magnetic meridian mentioned, and for all the country between 25 and 50 degrees of north latitude. These local weather changes will occur within twenty-four hours before or after sunset of the dates given:

SANTA FE, DENVER AND BLACK HILLS MERIDIAN.

October—
2—Storm wave on this meridian.
3—Wind changing.
4—Cooler and clearing.
5—Moderating.
6—Warmer.
7—Storm wave on this meridian.
8—Wind changing.
GALVESTON, KANSAS CITY AND MINNEAPOLIS MERIDIAN.

October—
2—Warmer.
3—Storm wave on this meridian.
4—Wind changing.
5—Cooler and clearing.
6—Moderating.
7—Warmer.
8—Storm wave on this meridian.
ATLANTA, CINCINNATI AND LANSING MERIDIAN.

October—
2—Moderating.
3—Warmer.
4—Storm wave on this meridian.
5—Wind changing.
6—Cooler and clearing.
7—Moderating.
8—Warmer.
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CROPS HAVE BEEN INJURED.

Rain, Drought and Frost in Different Sections Injure Crop Prospects.

The following is the weekly telegraphic bulletin of the Weather Bureau: Temperature—The week has been cooler than usual on Central and Southern California coasts, and generally in all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, the exceptions being the Red River of the North Valley, the upper Ohio Valley, and portions of the lake region, where the temperature was normal or slightly above. The deficiency in temperature has averaged from 3 to 5 degrees on the Atlantic coast from North Carolina to Massachusetts, and over the greater part of the country between the Mississippi River and the Rocky Mountains.

Over the plateau district and on the Northern Pacific coast it was warmer than usual, and along the coast north of California the week was exceptionally warm, the excess in temperature amounting to from 5 to 7 degrees per day.

Frost occurred in the Upper Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio valleys, New England, and in the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States, but the reports indicate no serious injury. Freezing temperature prevailed in Wyoming and Northern Montana the 11th.

Early corn is now reported as safe from injury by frosts in the principal corn-producing States, and if late corn escapes injury during the next two weeks the crop will be safe.

Precipitation—More than the usual amount of rain has fallen in the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, over Arkansas, Louisiana and Eastern Texas, and along the Atlantic coast from North Carolina southward. There has also been a slight excess of rainfall in the Dakotas and in portions of Pennsylvania and New York. Unusually heavy rains fell along the coast of South Carolina, Georgia and Eastern Florida, in the upper Mississippi valley, Central Arkansas, and near the mouth of the Mississippi, where the actual rainfall has ranged from two to five inches. From the Ohio valley eastward to the Atlantic coast but little rain fell during the week, and over a considerable portion of this region there was an entire absence of rain. Little or no rain has fallen in the Rocky Mountain district, and none fell on the Pacific coast except light showers in Washington.

Cotton picking, which was begun in the southern portion of the cotton region two weeks ago, is now general in the northern portion of the cotton region, and some shipments have been made. The cotton crop in South Carolina is reported as seriously injured, and in Louisiana there are complaints of rust and boll worms.

Severe drought continues throughout Maryland and rain is much needed in portions of Virginia, South Carolina, Kentucky, Arkansas, Michigan and Kansas.

Special telegraphic reports: New England—Grain average yield; corn being cut, and extra good crop. Wisconsin—Corn promises a fair yield; tobacco one of the finest crops ever grown.

Illinois—Frost injured corn in lowlands; early corn maturing rapidly; some wheat sown in southern and rye in northern portion.

Iowa—Increased acreage of wheat being sown; no damaging frosts. Indiana—Most of the early planted corn safe from frost.

Michigan—Potatoes corn and pastures in bad condition.

MADE A SMALL FORTUNE

HOW TWO SCHOOL TEACHERS DID IT.

Two Hundred Dollars Grows to Twelve Thousand Within a Year. (Marion, Indiana, Chronicle.)

There are two sisters teaching in the Marion public schools who have reason to thank the rapid development of one of Chicago's manufacturing suburbs for a small fortune which has grown from a very tiny seed planted less than a year ago. To a representative of the Chronicle these young ladies told the story of their remarkable investment as follows:

"At the close of our school work a year ago we found that we had saved about \$100 each, for which we had no immediate use. We were spending our vacation in Chicago, and stepped into the Chamber of Commerce Building to see Jay Dwiggins & Co., whom we had long known. They were just then founding the new town of Griffith, whose fuel oil pipe lines and four great railroads, including a complete belt line encircling Chicago, gave great promise of making this a factory center."

"We were inclined to make an investment in the new town and consented to join them in the purchase of a five-acre block which they wished to subdivide with some other tracts and put immediately on the market. Our \$200 sufficed to make the cash payment for one-third interest in this five acres and we expected to meet the deferred payments from our wages the following year."

"After making this investment we went further on our vacation trip, and what was our surprise a few weeks later to receive word that the five acres had been bought, subdivided, and completely sold out. Three parties had taken the entire block at a profit of almost \$6,000, one-third of which we learned was at our disposal."

"So far we had not even seen Griffith, but this remarkably quick turn of affairs gave us a great interest in the new town, and we went immediately to look it over. We found nine miles south-east of Chicago limits, a remarkable railroad junction, but little more than that. There were perhaps a dozen houses scattered about in the oak groves and occupied by railroad employes. There were no stores, no streets, no sidewalks, no nothing—except a bright future. The surveyors were just putting down the lot stakes. We found our block in the very center of the town plat, with frontage on what promised to be the best business street. The lots had been sold out at the ridiculously low average of \$130 each."

"We remarked that we would rather buy than sell at these figures. This quick sale, even at a low price, had given us the capital with which to buy. We immediately selected Block 11 in the Original Town of Griffith, and bought it with the profits we had just made. We left Griffith, saying: 'Well, we shall see what a year will bring forth in this promising place.'"

"We have just now returned from Griffith after a year's absence. We found four factories completed and many more negotiating to come. Houses are going up on every hand, and streets which had not been cut out when we were there a year ago, are now lined with prosperous stores. Our block, if sold at present prices, would realize about \$12,000, but we would not take \$25,000 for it. If it were similarly located in Marion, it would bring \$50,000."

"We have seen Marion grow up from a country town into a flourishing young city, by the location of factories, and Marion has but three railroads and has not the great city of Chicago to tie to."

"We confidently expect within the next five years to see Griffith a great and flourishing city, and that will be time enough to realize on our beautiful block of lots. Since we bought our relatives have made further purchases and have made money, too. We certainly believe that Griffith lots bought at present prices and on the very easy terms at which they can be had will prove a quickly paying investment."

What Spectacles Have Done.

Eyeglasses are commonly ground with equal convexity on both sides. The material for their manufacture is both glass and a kind of stone called Brazilian pebble. It is really a rock crystal of very fine quality and does not resemble a pebble in any particular. Spectacles have alleviated more misery than all other agencies, because there is no sorrow equal to that caused by impaired sight.

Phantoms.

The hopes of cure held out in the advertisements of numberless remedies are mere phantoms, without the slightest shadow of reality about them. On the other hand, no statement has ever been made in behalf of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters that is not susceptible of ample substantiation. Care has ever been taken in laying its claims before the public to circumscribe those claims with the bounds of truth. Allegations outside of these form no blot on the record of this sterling, time-honored remedy, proven by the most respectable evidence to be a remedy for and preventive of malarial disease, rheumatism, kidney trouble, chronic indigestion and biliousness. It is an ineffably fine tonic, promotes convalescence and mitigates the infirmities of age. Taken before retiring at night it is a promoter of sleep.

A FARMER near Martinsburg, Mo., plowed up a perch in his field some time ago, and when he placed it in a tub of water it revived and swam about as lively as any fish.

MILL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

In Chili, after making elder and wine from their apples, they extract from the refuse a white and finely flavored spirit, and by another process they procure a sweet treacle or honey.

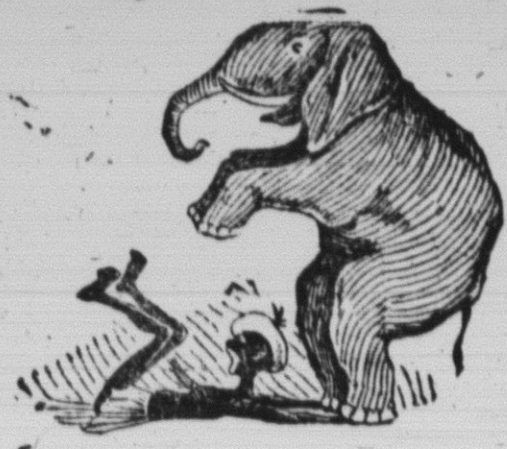
Cure for Colds, Fevers and General Debility. Small Blue Beans. 25c. per bottle.

CRIMES lead into one another.—Burke.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23, 1892.

English as She is Spoke.



"AN ELEPHANT ON HIS HANDS."

LOCAL BREVITIES.

In the Sunday school there's a falling off. There's a dearth of reformed young sinners. 'Tis too late for penitence now. And too early for Christmas dinners.

Chelsea fair, October 11, 12 and 13

Mrs. A. C. Welch is ill with erysipelas.

Schuyler Foster has been quite ill this week.

Mrs. E. G. Hoag has been quite ill this week.

Mrs. Etta Wright's mother, Mrs. Ellsworth, is quite ill.

Davis and Drislane shipped a car load of chickens from Gregory, Wednesday.

A Catholic Reading Circle will be organized this evening at the home of Miss Katie Staffan.

Rev. W. W. Whitcomb, of Flushing will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday, both morning and evening.

The new church at Roger's Corners will be dedicated Sunday next, services being held at 10 a. m., and at 2:30 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wing, of Scio, are receiving the congratulations of their friends over the advent of a ten-pound boy.

the endearing year: President, S. E. Van Tyne; Vice-President, Mrs. H. M. Woods; Secretary, Miss Cora M. Irwin, and Organist, Miss Edith L. Congdon.

At the meeting of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle held Monday evening at Mrs. J. C. Winans, the following officers were chosen for

Miss Hattie McCarter had a very pleasant surprise last Friday evening, caused by the sudden appearance of about thirty of her young friends at her home.

Last Sunday Rev. J. H. McIntosh closed his fifth year as pastor of the M. E. church at this place. Wednesday he left for Owosso to attend the conference.

Mrs. M. Boyd entertained her Sabbath school class of young ladies, Tuesday evening. Ice-cream, cake and fruit were bountifully served, and all had an excellent time.

On the same day the Missouri legislature defeated the bill forbidding the sale of cigarettes to boys, it passed the bill for penning up geese. They appear to value geese more highly than they do their boys, down there.

Four Maccabees were enlightened as to the mysteries of the Oriental degree, Monday night. The Orientals of Arbor tent will soon go to Chelsea and confer the degree upon a class of anxious Knights of that village.—Argus.

In speaking of the attraction at the Town Hall to-night, the San Francisco Examiner says: Nelson's Great World Vaudeville Combination is what the denomination conveys, being a concentration in one company of the most celebrated artists from various parts of the universe, as to constitute a phenomenal colossal and selected congregation of the various shows on the world's stage. Prominent among this avalanche of novelties are: The Nelson Family, seven in number, who perform the greatest feats in the acrobatic world, forming a pyramid at an angle of 45 degrees. The act is a drawing-room entertainment, all of the performers being in evening dress. Admission 35 and 25 cents. Reserved seats on sale at J. S. Cumming's without extra charge.

Gov. Winans has issued a proclamation making a legal holiday of Columbus Day, Oct. 21, the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America, and the date on which the world's fair grounds at Chicago will be dedicated. The public schools of the republic will everywhere be the center of the celebration. For the observance as a holiday, the governor requests a general suspension of business, and that civil and military organizations join in the celebration.

Henry C. Waldron's great two year old Percheron Stallion, Pluviose, 12,569, weighing 1800 lbs, never goes into the show ring that he does not take the blue ribbon. He took first to the Detroit Exposition in August, competing against the cream from Senator Palmer's Log Cabin Stock Farm, and at the state fair, at Lansing, last week, where the finest Percheron horses were on exhibition, that ever entered the show ring outside of Chicago. Waldron's stock will be on exhibition at the county fair

Many places are making extensive and elaborate preparations to celebrate Columbus Day. There are to be processions of the public school children; floats representing events in the life of Columbus, addresses, poems, fireworks, decorations, displays and ceremonies of various kinds. At a meeting of the teachers Tuesday night it was decided to hold a celebration at this place, and on Monday evening another meeting will be held and further arrangements will be made. This is a movement that everyone should be interested in.

It is reported that S. L. Lilley, who was in this city six or eight months, is now doing the surrounding villages, canvassing, begging and obtaining money through fraudulent means. He presents a letter from Rev. Mr. Carman which Mr. Carman denies writing. He is badly crippled. While here he tried to pick himself and was taken into the Baptist church and aided in various ways. He has been heard from at Fowlerville, Milan, and other places. Part of the time he represents himself as deaf and dumb. Mr. Carman has been greatly annoyed about the matter and the man will undoubtedly be expelled from the church. In the meantime, if he presents a letter from Mr. Carman, no credence should be placed in it.—Ann Arbor Argus.

Here's an item for the lady readers, taken from an exchange: "There isn't a young man of any degree of respectability that would be seen walking up and down the streets in company with a drunken girl. You might search with a fine-tooth comb and not find a young man who would lock arms with a young lady and go off promenading, who was puffing away on a cigar or who was squirting tobacco juice around on the sidewalk. Girls have no hesitancy in accepting the company of the two latter characters, and too many of them are only too anxious to accept the company or the heart and hand of such young men. Society will become refined when girls will demand of boys who wish to pay them attention the same purity of character that boys today demand from girls. Over the heads of the young ladies of the land hang the possibilities of the greatest moral reform that ever swept over this country."

The Nelson Combination, headed by the Nelson Family, seven in number, who are at the Town Hall to night are the greatest acrobats the world ever saw, second not even to the famous Hanlons. Their jumps in mid-air, their marvelous somersaults, and their falling column are not equaled on the stage or in the circus ring, although they have many imitators. In the company, besides the wonderful Nelson Family, are Mlle Forgardus, with her troupe of educated cockatoos and performing dogs, introducing the only somersault dog in the world; La Belle Adele, a beautiful woman and a marvelous athlete, who does very difficult gyrations on a revolving globe; the five Casuanis in The Students' Arrival, the Fernandes Troupe of pantomimists; and Clark and Williams, comedians. Altogether, this entertainment is artistic and refined, and the especial delight of women and children everywhere. There is not a word or a gesture in it that could shock the most carping critic.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. E. Rooke spent Wednesday in Dexter.

Rev. W. P. Considine was in Jackson Wednesday.

Mrs. N. Fish is visiting friends in Grand Rapids.

Geo. Hathaway was an Ann Arbor visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Nettie Curtis is spending some time in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Geo. Foster spent Wednesday with Waterloo friends.

Miss Minnie Wackenhut is visiting friends in Ann Arbor.

Miss Jennie Gorman spent Sunday with friends in Jackson.

Geo. H. Kemh was in Detroit and Jackson part of this week.

Mrs. J. M. Letts was the guests of friends in Detroit this week.

Miss Lydia Graham is spending this week with friends in Jackson.

T. J. Sawyer, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. L. Allyn visited with friends in Jackson part of this week.

Mrs. Wm Martin and daughter Miss Carrie spent Thursday in Detroit.

Mrs. Wells Pratt, of Grass Lake, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Davis.

Mrs. E. Emmons, of Jackson, was the guest of Mrs. M. Boyd, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Welch, of near Ithaca, are the guests of their son, A. C. Welch.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Murphy, of Toledo, are guests of Mrs. A. K. Calkins.

Webster Logan, of Manchester, was the guest of L. T. Freeman part of this week.

Mrs. Streeter who has been several weeks in Denver, has returned to this place.

Miss Marie Sargent, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Woods.

Mr. Woods, of Dansville, spent Friday and Saturday with his son H. M. Woods.

Mrs. Jas. Gorman, returned Monday from Dundee, where she had been visiting her mother.

Homer and Walter Bates, of New Haven, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes.

Mrs. E. C. Hill and son have returned from an extended visit with Vermontville friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bird, of Romulus, spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. S. Goodyear.

Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Dixon went to Ann Arbor Wednesday where they expect to spend a week with their son.

Mrs. B. Wood, of Leslie, who has been the guest of Mrs. Robt. Hawley for a few days, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Peter Gorman and Misses Jennie, Kate and Alice Gorman attended the marriage of their cousin in Jackson, Tuesday.

Mrs. L. A. Morton and granddaughter, Miss May Judson, went to Detroit Wednesday where they expect to spend a few days.

Miss Mildred Silverspar, of Chicago, who has been spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. D. Clark, returned to her home Wednesday.

Miss Mary Harkness, of Brighton, Canada, who has been the guest of her aunt Mrs. Wm. Pottinger, for the past six weeks, returned to her home Wednesday.

Mrs. Kate Davison left Wednesday for Warren, South Dakota, where she intends to make her home. Mrs. Davison leaves a host of friends here who will wish her many happy days in her new home.

Democrat County Ticket.

At the Democratic county convention held at Ann Arbor Wednesday. There were nine candidates for sheriff, eight for register of deeds, five for treasurer and three for prosecuting attorney, and from one to four ballots were taken on each.

The following ticket was placed in nomination:

Judge of Probate—J. Willard Babbit, Ypsilanti.

Clerk—Arthur Brown, Ann Arbor.

Sheriff—Michael Brenner, Ann Arbor.

Register of Deeds—Andrew T. Hughes, Scio.

Treasurer—Paul G. Sukey, Pittsfield.
Prosecuting Attorney—Thomas D. Kearney, Ann Arbor.
Circuit Court Commissioners—Patrick McKernan, Ann Arbor; Tracy L. Towner, Ypsilanti.
Coroners—Martin Clark, Ann Arbor; Dr. Edward Batewell, Ypsilanti.
Surveyor—Charles Woodward.

Lima.

Several from here attended the State fair.

Dorsey Hoppe will teach the Lima Center school.

Mrs. Lewis Freer visited relatives at Flint last week.

The Lima band will give an invitation party at the hall, Friday night, September 30.

North Lake Mites.

B. H. Glenn was home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Glenn of Putnam called on friends here Monday.

Miss Nettie Wood visited at her brother's near Grass Lake this week.

Harry Twamley went to Washington last week to attend the encampment.

Mr. Fred and Miss Bessie Twamley, of Grand Rapids, visited at Mr. Henry Twamley's last week.

Waterloo Budget.

Dillon Rowe spent Sunday at home.

Thos. Collins is helping his brother Dan put in his wheat and rye.

Mrs. Oroman and sister Mrs. Pickell left Tuesday for a month's visit with relatives at Hastings.

The lawsuit before Justice Gorton of Fleming 1c. Showerman Tuesday was adjourned till a less busy time.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moeall was buried Monday from the German-Luthern church.

Rev. F. E. Morehouse started for conference Monday. He will probably return here for another year as he is well liked by his congregation.

A large acreage of wheat is being sown notwithstanding the low price which that cereal brings. Many took advantage of the late rains to plow land which otherwise would have been sown to oats in the spring.

List of Jurors.

The following list of jurors have been summoned to appear at the coming term of the circuit court, on Tuesday, Oct. 4th, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Ann Arbor—Wm. Allaby, Jr., Herman Hutzler, Robert Cuthbert, F. J. Loomis, A. C. Kellogg, James M. Cook.

Ann Arbor town—John Keppler.

Augusta—Fred Kloss.

Bridgewater—Allen Bartlett.

Dexter—John Gallagher.

Freedom—Matthew Tucker.

Lodi—Julius Blaess.

Lyndon—Nathan Hankard, George Shanahan.

Manchester—Albert Aylsworth, Virgil B. Van Winkle.

Northfield—Louis Sutton.

Pittsfield—George E. Smith.

Salem—G. M. Waters.

Saline—H. A. Hammond.

Scio—O. F. Parker.

Sharon—Chas. Fish.

Superior—Sidney Shaughness.

Sylvan—Webster H. Cook.

Webster—A. J. Sawyer.

York—O. E. Gooding.

Ypsilanti—Seeley E. Davis.

Ypsilanti City—A. F. Burbank, Raphael Kopp.

Council Proceedings.

Chelsea, Aug. 15, 1892.

Board met in council room.

Meeting called to order by the president.

Roll called by clerk.

Present, Wm. Bacon, President.

Present trustees, A. Conkright, C. E. Whitaker, F. Staffan, Geo. Crowell and W. F. Riemenschneider.

Absent trustee, I. M. Whitaker.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved and supported that the tax roll as returned by the board of review be accepted and adopted. (Carried)

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders to be drawn on the treasurer for the amounts.

William Bacon, Lumber and tile \$252.65

Geo. Crowell, Work on ditch and street 20.00

John A. Palmer, fireman's fund 26.00

B. Steinbach, hauling gravel 14.75

Geo. Foster work on highway 8.00

H. Winters, " " 3.30

F. Nelson " " 1.50

W. Summer " " 19.50

F. Emminger	"	"	"	12.37
T. Keolan	"	"	"	22.50
S. VanRiper	"	"	"	12.75
E. Beisel	"	"	"	21.75
J. Beisel	"	"	"	20.25
P. Wilkins	"	"	"	21.00
W. Remnant	"	"	"	18.00
A. Congdon	"	"	"	15.75
D. Bennett	"	"	"	11.25
J. Geddes Jr.	"	"	"	4.50
Dan Corey	"	"	"	6.38
Ed Moore	"	"	"	6.00
H. Norgaard	"	"	"	5.25

C. Downer, hauling 9 yards of gravel..... 4.50

Mrs. J. Leach, hauling 8 yards of gravel..... 4.00

On motion the board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

He Recommends the General Observance of Columbus Day on Oct. 21.

Whereas, by a joint resolution, approved June 28, 1892, it was resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, "That the president of the United States be authorized and directed to issue a proclamation recommending to the people the observance in all their localities of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America, on the 21st of October, 1892, by public demonstrations and by suitable exercises in their schools and other places of assembly:"

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, in pursuance of the aforesaid joint resolution, do hereby appoint Friday, Oct. 21, 1892, the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus, as a general holiday for the people of the United States. On that day let the people so far as possible cease from toil and devote themselves to such exercises as may best express honor to the discoverer and their appreciation of the great achievements of the four completed centuries of American life.

Columbus stood in his age as the pioneer of progress and enlightenment. The system of universal education is in our age the most prominent and salutary feature of the spirit of enlightenment, and it is peculiarly appropriate that the schools be made by the people the center of the day's demonstration. Let the national flag float over every school house in the country, and the exercises be such as shall impress upon our youth the patriotic duties of American citizenship.

In the churches and in the other places of assembly of the people let there be expressions of gratitude to divine Providence for the devout faith of the discoverer, and for the divine care and guidance which have directed our history and so abundantly blessed our people.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 21st day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventeenth.

Benjamin Harrison

By the President: JOHN W. FOSTER, Secretary of State.

Wanted—Immediately—Ten men to work at the Glazier—Strong Oil Stove Co.'s works.

Girl wanted to cook and do work in a kitchen supplied with all modern conveniences. Mrs. P. B. LOOMIS, Jackson, Mich.

For sale—A sow and five pigs either together or separate. Inquire of H. C. Stedeman.

Get your cloaks and jackets colored and made over, by J. J. Raffrey, and save money.

New fall millinery at Mrs. Staffan's.

Go to Mrs. Staffan's for fashionable millinery.

To rent—The new house just completed on Washington street. Enquire of C. H. Wines.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, made on the 22d day of August A. D. 1892, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Clarissa J. Berry, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 22d day of February next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 22d day of November and on the 22d day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, Aug. 22, A. D. 1892. J. WILLARD BABBIT, Judge of Probate.

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THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

TRAIN WRECK IN IOWA.

ENGINES COLLIDE AND FOUR MEN ARE NOW DEAD.

A Train Dispatcher's Blunder Causes Death and Ruin on the Northwestern Near Marshalltown—The Blunderer's Wife in the Wreck.

Killed in a Wreck.

Four men were killed and two injured by a collision on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad near Marshalltown, Iowa. In addition fifteen freight cars were smashed, two locomotives broken into bits, and a score of sheep killed. The wreck was caused by the colliding of a freight and an accommodation train. Following are the names of the dead: Jack Ashton, engineer of the freight; W. T. Charles, stockman of Powell, Mich.; Thomas Howes, engineer of the accommodation train; Linebaugh, fireman of the freight train. The collision was due to the carelessness of the dispatcher at Belle Plaine. Freight No. 21 was late, and had orders to meet No. 14 at La Moille, the first station west. No. 14 had clearance to proceed to Marshalltown. After No. 21 pulled out of that city her right of way was recalled, but it was too late. The two trains met on a sharp curve, a large hill preventing the engineers seeing their danger until there was not time even to reverse the engines. Many of the trainmen jumped, but both the engineers and Fireman Linebaugh were killed. Conrad Tusing, fireman of No. 14, was hurled thirty feet through a barbed-wire fence. Train Dispatcher Titus' wife was on the accommodation train, but was not injured.

NEWS NUGGETS.

FREDERICK O. CLARKE, book-keeper for W. H. Post & Co., of Hartford, Conn., has disappeared after embezzling \$15,000.

The Roelker stove and plow works at Evansville, Ind., have been compelled to make an assignment. The assets are estimated at \$300,000 and the liabilities at \$180,000.

The conference between President McLeod and the Reading employees' representatives resulted in a settlement of grievances and the threatened strike has been averted.

The scaffold of the span of the Terminal and Belt line bridge across the St. Louis River at West Superior, Wis., was torn away by a tug Tuesday afternoon and the whole bridge fell.

Fire destroyed the building of the Union Transfer and Storage Company at Indianapolis and the contents, which consisted of agricultural implements. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

The trouble between political factions in the Choctaw Nation, Indian Territory, has subsided, and twelve of the men concerned in the recent conflict have surrendered to stand trial for murder.

The Western Union Telegraph Company directors have voted to increase its capital stock \$13,800,000 to \$100,000,000. This is the first step toward dividing the immense surplus which has been accumulating for several years.

The first death at the Childs-Drexel Union Printers' Home, at Colorado Springs, has occurred—Mr. Mastison, of Union No. 6, of New York. He lived but a few hours after arriving. The home has twenty inmates at present.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations Tuesday were: First Ohio District, R. B. Bowler, Democrat; Fifth Kansas, Webster Davis, Republican; Sixth Michigan, Byron Devendorf, Prohibition; Montana, W. W. Dixon, Democrat.

The first true bill returned in the Homestead cases was returned by the Grand Jury Wednesday. It was the case of The Commonwealth vs. Thomas Bowers, Edward Barker, and divers other persons whose names are unknown. The indictment is for unlawful assemblage.

ANOTHER plague ship in the port and another story of disease and death on the voyage. Eleven more victims added to the long list of those who have died of cholera between Hamburg and New York. This is the story of the steamship Bohemia, which has reached New York and anchored in the lower quarantine.

MONTANA Democrats have nominated the following State ticket: Governor, F. C. Collins; Lieutenant Governor, Henry R. Melton; Chief Justice, W. G. Pemberton; Attorney General, E. C. Day; Secretary of State, B. W. S. Folk; Treasurer, Jesse Hastings; Auditor, William C. Whaley; Clerk Supreme Court, J. L. Sloan; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. C. Mahoney.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations: First Wisconsin District, Clinton Babbitt (Dem.); Fourth Wisconsin, J. L. Mitchell (Dem.); Eighth Wisconsin, H. A. Frambach (Rep.); Third Michigan, Daniel Stranger (Dem.); Fifteenth Ohio, Daniel Turner (Dem.); First Colorado, Rev. Myron W. Reed (People's Dem.); First Nevada, J. C. Hageman (Dem.); Wyoming, C. D. Clark (Rep.).

The Iron Hall convention at Indianapolis, has effected a reorganization of the order, with the following officers: Supreme Justice, S. T. Town, Philadelphia; Vice Supreme Justice, H. L. Jones, Boston; Supreme Accountant, W. F. Landers, Indianapolis; Supreme Cashier, A. F. Copp, Indianapolis. The old constitution was adopted, with changes in the matter of judging sick benefits.

EASTERN.

THE Directors of the Metropolitan Opera House of New York, recently burned, have resolved to rebuild.

FIRE at Albany, N. Y., did \$75,000 damage, and destroyed all documents in the hands of the State printers.

THOMAS H. HADAWAY, who was an actor of some distinction sixty years ago, died in New York Thursday, aged 91.

THE Coroner's jury at Buffalo has rendered a verdict finding the militiamen who shot young Broderick during the strike guilty of murder.

THE total amount of Austria's purchases of gold since the adoption of the new currency reform law is \$7,000,000. New contracts have been concluded for further supplies from New York.

SHORTLY before 11 o'clock Saturday night a fatal railroad accident occurred on the Fitchburg Railroad, near West Cambridge. Ten persons are known to have been killed and upwards of twenty more or less injured.

THE Supreme Court of New York State has affirmed the decision of Judge Rumsey in the Munroe County apportionment case, in which the reapportionment under the law passed by the Democratic Legislature was declared to be unconstitutional.

MISS MAY WHITE, the young schoolmistress of Stockbridge, Miss., who a year ago fell into a species of stupor, is only now recovering her senses. During all this time she has been nourished with liquid food. From 148 pounds she has fallen away to 58 pounds.

An epidemic of diphtheria is spreading up and down the Youghiogheny Valley, says a Pittsburg special. At Scott Haven five deaths have occurred in one family in addition to those previously reported. The father and brothers came to be treated at the Mercy Hospital, and as they traveled in steamboat and railway cars they spread the disease to others. Dr. McCune has written to Secretary Lee, of the State Board of Health, asking him to visit the valley and render State aid to the families of the victims. Over forty deaths have occurred in the past week. Public funerals are prohibited.

AT New York, Commander Jacob W. Miller, of the First Battalion Naval Reserve, acting under orders from Gov. Flower, issued orders for the battalion to assemble fully equipped for quarantine patrol service at New Pier No. 36, North River. The men, 300 in number, were all notified. Among the naval reserve men are some of the wealthiest youths of New York. Many own their own steam yachts, and there is not one of them who is not a member of one of the many yachting clubs. This is the first time in the history of the country that this or a similar organization has been called upon to do such duty.

THE Scandia of the Hamburg-American line arrived Friday at midnight, and the worst fears of the New York health officers were realized. Thirty-two deaths occurred during the voyage. One victim was from among the first cabin passengers, two among the crew, and twenty-nine among the steerage. The ship is full of cholera. The Scandia carried 981 steerage passengers, twenty-eight cabin passengers, and the crew numbered seventy-nine—a total of 1,086 souls aboard the ship. The Scandia is the ship of which the health officers were the most fearful. It sailed from Hamburg after that city was officially reported to be infected, and was the last one of the Hamburg-American Packet Company's line to sail from that port with immigrants.

A LATER dispatch says: The passengers of the steamer Cepheus have finally been landed on Fire Island. Great bustle followed the arrival of the passengers at the hotel. Considering the fact that 500 guests arrived within five minutes it was natural that some confusion should result. Every one was good-natured, however, and waited patiently until assigned to their quarters. Such progress was made by the temporary hotel clerks that inside of two hours all were comfortably located. No distinction was made in the disposition of rooms. It was all a lottery, but there was no grumbling. Gray-haired men jumped about in the sand like boys. The second cabin passengers were put in the westerly end and the first cabin in the easterly.

WESTERN.

DAVID LAUGHLIN, son of a Pittsburg banker, was thrown from his horse in San Francisco and killed.

LEVI G. LOOMIS, next to Solomon Juneau, the first white settler of Milwaukee, died in that city, Sunday, aged 86 years. He was the father of Grace Cortland, "the witch of Wall street."

CHARLES F. RUSSELL, senior member of the firm of Russell, Richardson & Titus, Portsmouth, Ohio, proprietors of a shoe factory, fell through an elevator shaft and broke his neck, dying instantly.

AT Cincinnati, Ohio, the great rag warehouse of Joseph Joseph has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$150,000. The fire communicated with Burnett's furniture factory adjoining, and it was nearly ruined.

AT Atchison, Kan., C. B. Turner shot and instantly killed James W. Gilmore at the home of the latter. Four bullets were found in Gilmore's body. Turner is in jail. He admits that he killed Gilmore, but claims it was in self-defense.

AT Visalia, Cal., the Kaweah Stables, Kentucky-lodging-house, and a number of other buildings were destroyed by fire. Twenty-three horses were burned. Several firemen were injured, but it is believed not seriously. The losses aggregate \$30,000.

HENRY C. HOPE, of St. Paul, Superintendent of Telegraph of the Omaha Railroad Company, is heir to an estate in the north of Ireland worth several

millions of dollars, and he expects no difficulty in establishing his claim. A title is also involved.

A DESPERATE encounter took place near Fresno, Cal., between Evans and Sontag, the much wanted train robbers, and a posse of officers under the leadership of United States Marshal Maginnis. Four members of the pursuing posse fell mortally wounded under the murderous fire of the robbers.

AT Cincinnati shortly before midnight Monday Mr. Ed O'Meara, Condon, Inspector of Buildings for the United States Treasury Department, called at the Associated Press office in perfectly sound health and full of vigor. He desired to contradict a dispatch sent out from Washington and extensively printed announcing his death.

A TERRIFIC windstorm swept over the northern portion of Hamilton, Ohio, causing great destruction. It approached from the west, and first struck the pulp mill of the Louis Snider's Sons Company. The entire west end of the building was blown in. The bricks and timbers fell on five men who were working in the pulp-room. The roof was torn to pieces and carried some distance. Two were fatally injured. The storm also struck Cincinnati, and two men were killed.

A BIG raft of logs from Fort Bragg reached San Francisco Sunday, towed by the steamer Noyo. The raft, which is the first that has made the trip successfully on the Pacific coast, is 321x 42 feet beam and 18 feet deep. It holds 1,500,000 feet of lumber. The pilot-house and steering gear were in the center. The raft is cigar shape and the logs were kept in place by wire. Sixty thousand dollars have been spent in preparing ways and other apparatus for launching these rafts at Fort Bragg.

There will be no more racing at Garfield Park, Chicago. The attaches of the track were paid off and notified that their services would be no longer required. The club gave up the idea of racing there several days ago, though the decision was not announced. Public opinion against the track had not been so strongly expressed, and it was thought that some lucky stroke might have favored the club's plans. The split among its members is certain. In talking over the future a working member of the club declared to a local bookmaker that on no account would he go on with racing in Chicago or with that wing of the club that is building a track at Robey, Ind., though the authorities there were "all right" and ready to protect the establishment.

SOUTHERN.

AT Tazewell Court House, Va., Bill Davis, colored, was hanged for killing a colored policeman in Pocahontas, Va., while resisting arrest for beating his wife.

J. W. LITTLE, a former bank president of Western, Neb., was arrested at Kedron, Ark., charged with embezzlement. It is said he and his cashier made a shortage of \$14,000 and spent it.

THE quadrangular hanging that was to have taken place at Spartansburg, S. C., was converted into a dual one by Gov. Tillman ordering a respite for thirty days for John Williams, the slayer of Mayor Henneman, and Milbrey Down, the child-murderer. Andy Jefferies and Adam Foster, two 23-year-old colored men, expiated their crime on the gallows.

CONGRESSMAN WATSON, of Georgia, who distinguished himself in the latter part of the recent session of Congress by calling attention to the prevalence of drunkenness among his colleagues, struck Frank Jordan, one of his constituents, who shouted out in a railway car near Augusta, "Watson is a traitor. He was elected as a Democrat and sold out to Republicans."

AT New Orleans, the Southern Express office was entered through the door on the Perdido street side by three men who put a pistol to the watchman's head, forced him against a post, and were tying him there, when Mr. Peck, an employee of the company, advanced on them. The burglars fired a shot at him and then turned to run, but as Peck started in pursuit they fired another shot at him. One of the burglars was captured. He gave his name as James Clifford, a former employee of the company. His companions were recognized and will no doubt be captured.

WASHINGTON.

THE Navy Department received a telegram from Lieut. Peary at St. Johns, N. F., in which the explorer claimed the honor of having planted the stars and stripes at the highest point yet reached on the east coast of Greenland.

DR. GARDINER, of Washington, has been summoned to attend Mrs. President Harrison at Loon Lake. While her condition is not immediately precarious, there has been an unfavorable development of her malady that calls for watchful attention.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WAXMAKER issued an order deputizing the postmasters of free delivery cities, towns, and rural communities to put up letter-boxes, on the request of citizens, for the collection and delivery of mail at house doors. The order, it is said, affects nearly 3,000,000 residences to which the free delivery is already extended.

A CABLEGRAM from Rome announces the resignation of Albert G. Porter, United States Minister to Italy. The announcement does not surprise persons in official circles. It has been expected for some time that Mr. Porter would resign as soon as the "incident" with Italy arising out of the lynching of the Italians in New Orleans had passed sufficiently into the history of happily ended international difficulties.

PRESIDENT HARRISON makes no effort to conceal his great anxiety over the condition of Mrs. Harrison. The whole family share his deep concern, and all are evidently apprehensive of a

continuance of the present unfavorable symptoms. They are doing their utmost to cheer the patient up, and have succeeded so well that she is not fully aware of the extreme gravity of her case. The President's future movements will depend entirely upon the state of Mrs. Harrison's health.

POLITICAL.

OLE OLESON, editor of the Reform Norwegian, has been nominated for Congress by the prohibitionists of the Seventh Wisconsin District.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations: Seventh Wisconsin District, Ole B. Olson (Prohib.); Eleventh Massachusetts, Gen. Wm. F. Draper (Rep.); Second Colorado, Judge John C. Bell (Dem.); Tenth Tennessee, T. N. Neal (People's); New Mexico, Antonio Joseph (Dem.); Arizona, W. C. Stewart (Rep.).

CONGRESSIONAL nominations Thursday: Second Louisiana District, John F. White, Republican; Second Michigan, A. F. Linderman, Republican; Thirteenth Missouri, R. W. Fyan, Democrat; Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania, A. Stewart, Republican; Second Wisconsin, Charles Ronsig, Democrat; Sixth Wisconsin, C. H. Forward, Prohibition.

FOREIGN.

THE reported failure of the Martinique Bank is announced to be untrue. La Banque de la Martinique and the Colonial Bank are declared to be among the strongest on the island. The banks have simply temporarily stopped selling exchange.

TEHRAN has been the scene of a serious riot during which a mob fiercely attacked the local prison. So determined was their assault that they gained possession of the building. They then liberated the prisoners. A number of jailers were killed by the rioters.

THE steamer City of Rotterdam, from Hamburg, arrived at Dublin, flying the yellow flag. She was boarded by the health officer, who was informed that one of the seamen on board had been attacked with cholera. The man was removed to a hospital and the seamen were thoroughly fumigated. The municipal authorities have asked the Minister of the Interior to give them permission to cremate the bodies of those who die in the city. The authorities are obliged to dispose of the bodies, and urge that cremation is the safest way of so doing. The London Government Board states that there is not a single case of cholera throughout the United Kingdom.

IN GENERAL.

SIR WILLIAM RITCHIE, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, is lying at the point of death at his home in Ottawa. The Chief Justice is nearly 80 years old, and for some time has contemplated retiring to private life.

R. G. DUN & COMPANY'S Weekly Review of Trade says:

Last week's semi-panic in stocks and grain has been followed by a more confident feeling about cholera, as it is seen that the pestilence is thus far confined to lumbering ships by national regulations, which all officials are now respecting. Stocks have advanced 75 cents a share on the whole, though in other markets the alarm discloses weakness, which still continues. Meanwhile the general condition of industries and trade throughout the country is not remarkably good, but improving from week to week, although the exports of merchandise are not yet large enough to prevent some exports of gold.

PETITIONS have been presented to President Diaz to have him restore the duties on corn immediately to prevent the further introduction of American corn into the republic. The President refused to stop the free admission of the grain until the time originally agreed upon had expired, which is Sept. 30. Many merchants are liable to get caught for duties on shipments. They are figuring that if they get cars to Laredo, Texas, by Sept. 29 such shipments will escape duties, but with the present crowded conditions of railroad traffic it is necessary for corn to reach Laredo by Sept. 20 to insure free admission.

MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50	@ 5.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50	@ 5.75
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.75	@ .74
CORN—No. 2.....	.46 1/2	@ .47 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.38 1/2	@ .39 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.56	@ .57
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23	@ .25
EGGS—FRESH.....	.18	@ .19
POTATOES—New, per bu.....	.55	@ .60
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.25	@ 5.25
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50	@ 5.50
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.70	@ .71
CORN—No. 1 White.....	.49	@ .51
OATS—No. 2 White, new.....	.35	@ .36
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS.....	3.50	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.68	@ .69
CORN—No. 2.....	.43	@ .44
OATS—No. 2.....	.29	@ .30
RYE—No. 2.....	.51	@ .53
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 5.50
SHEEP.....	3.00	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.72 1/2	@ .73 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.50	@ .51
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.34 1/2	@ .35 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.55	@ .56 1/2
DETROIT.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 5.25
SHEEP.....	3.00	@ 4.75
WHEAT.....	.75	@ .76
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.48 1/2	@ .49 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.35	@ .36
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.75	@ .77
CORN—No. 2 White.....	.47 1/2	@ .48 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.32 1/2	@ .33 1/2
RYE.....	.60	@ .61
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	4.00	@ 4.50
HOGS—Best Grades.....	3.00	@ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.85	@ .86
CORN—No. 2.....	.51 1/2	@ .52 1/2
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.69	@ .71
CORN—No. 3.....	.46	@ .47
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.35	@ .36
RYE.....	.59	@ .60
BARLEY.....	.63	@ .64
POK—Mess.....	.95	@ 1.05
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE.....	3.75	@ 5.25
HOGS.....	3.50	@ 5.50
WHEAT.....	3.50	@ 5.25
CORN—No. 2.....	.80	@ .81
OATS—Mixed Western.....	.35	@ .36
BUTTER—Creamery.....	.19	@ .20
POK—New Mess.....	1.15	@ 1.25

MRS. HARRISON MAY DIE

ATTENDING DOCTORS RATHER GLOOMY.

The President Will Be Detained at Loon Lake Indefinitely—Cholera Has at Last Landed in New York—Frost in the West.

The President's Wife Very Ill.

UNLESS there should be a decided improvement in Mrs. Harrison's condition within the next few days, of which there is very little prospect at present, the worst may be expected. The President will remain with Mrs. Harrison until she gets better, and has no other plans whatever. It is therefore apparent that his stay and his future movements are altogether contingent and indefinite. Drs. F. E. Gardner of Washington, F. E. Doughty of New York and E. T. Trudeau of Saranac had a consultation at the President's cottage at Loon Lake in regard to the case of Mrs. Harrison, and at its close issued the following statement of her condition: "Primary disease, pulmonary tuberculosis of right side, associated with nervous prostration. Recent complications, subacute pleurisy, with rapid effusion of water in the right chest, necessitating two tapplings, with some relief. Present condition critical on account of tendency to reproduction of fluid. Removal to Washington at present impossible. Prognostication as to the immediate future uncertain." The President's family take no encouragement from the bulletins. The physicians advise them to hope for the best, but offer no real encouragement. They have quietly intimated to the President the strong probability of a fatal result. Mrs. Harrison was first taken with a severe attack of the grip in Washington in the winter of 1890, followed and aggravated by severe bronchial and pulmonary trouble lasting some time. Last winter she had a second attack of the grip, which this time was followed by catarrhal pneumonia, lasting seven or eight days. After that she was troubled by a severe cough, followed in March last with a slight hemorrhage of the right lung. Loon Lake was selected as the best possible place for the treatment of her case, but, as a matter of fact, there has been no real improvement in her condition since her arrival here in the early summer.

Five Die in Gotham.

THE New York Health Board has admitted officially that Asiatic cholera has made its appearance in that city. While the board has been issuing daily bulletins declaring there was not a single case in New York it has had genuine cases under surveillance and has been investigating deaths which it now admits were beyond doubt caused by Asiatic cholera. The first death occurred eight days ago. There have been three since, which, with the first, are proven by biological examination to have been caused by Asiatic cholera. Bacteriologists Biggs and Durham are now making a microscopical search for the deadly germ in a fifth fatal case, in which the diagnosis will probably also be confirmed.

Nipped by Jack Frost.

REPORTS received by the Iowa weather service from various parts of the State show that frost Wednesday night was very general throughout the State. The greatest damage was done on the Missouri slope. Corn is but little affected, except on the low lands along creeks and rivers, and there not seriously. In many parts of the State the frost was just heavy enough to help corn ripen well. Frost was general throughout the southeast section of Nebraska. The growth of corn will be retarded. Vegetables suffered but little.

BREVITIES.

GEORGE HOWARD, a Chicago youth of 19, is under arrest at Duluth for horse stealing. He sold an animal for \$100, and had the money all spent when arrested.

It is reported that in a fight between the rival political factions among the Choctaws, near McAlester, I. T., twelve adherents of one party, the progressists, were killed.

C. MALLOY, United States Consul at St. Johns, N. F., was beaten by four policemen. It is said that the police were drunk. Malloy was rescued by citizens after a hard fight.

MONTGOMERY H. THROOP, author of "Throop's Annotated Code of Civil Procedure" and other standard law works, died suddenly of apoplexy Sunday at his residence in Albany, N. Y.

ETHEL LYMAN, a 15-year-old school girl, attempted to throw herself over Niagara Falls the other night because she had trouble with her stepmother. She was caught by an officer just as she entered the water.

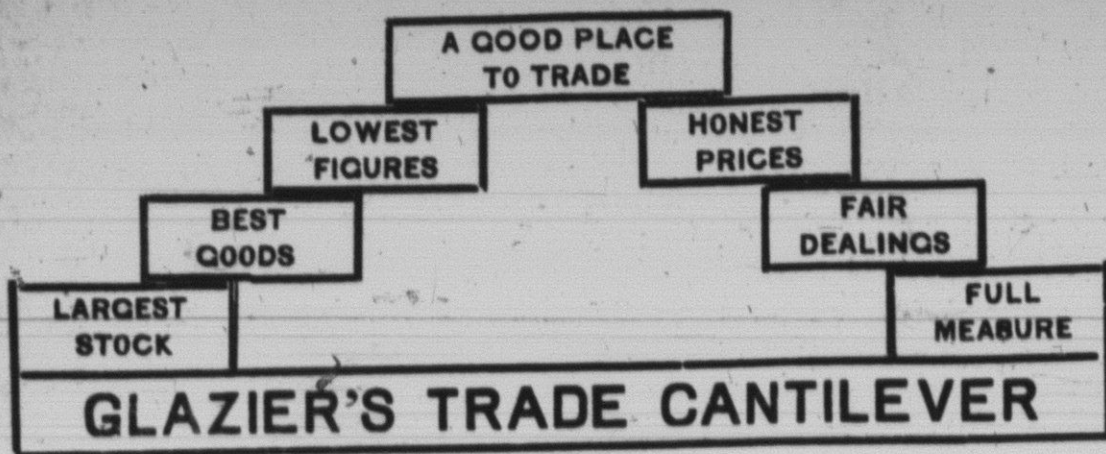
JONATHAN R. BASS, who was on exhibition at numerous museums as an ossified man, died at Lewiston, N. Y., aged 63. He contracted ossine rheumatism when 14 years of age, and was not able to walk after that.

MRS. HARRISON'S physicians have sent out a statement in which they say that their patient's condition is critical. The primary disease from which she is suffering is pronounced to be pulmonary tuberculosis of the right side.

CHIEF MURPHY, of the Department of Public Safety of Allegheny, Pa., and Detectives Glenn, Kornman, McClure and Donaldson, who were charged with embezzlement, were acquitted. The costs were placed on the county.

CARL SARGEN, aged 7, of Kenton, O., has been sent to the reform school for bank robbery.

THE New York Committee of the Women's World's Fair Board has adopted resolutions urging Congress to allow the Exposition to be opened on Sunday.



This is as solid
as the granite hills
and was
built by such prices
as the following:

2lb cans sugar corn 10c per can.
3lb cans tomatoes, 10c
Best Columbia river salmon 15c per can
Good Alaska Salmon 11c.
Lobsters in cans 20c per can.
3lb can luncheon beef 25c per can
Fine black cherries 20c.
Canned blackberries 9c per can.
Canned strawberries 10c per can.
Good canned pineapple 14c per can.
Canned clams 15c per can.
Potted tongue 14c per can.
Potted ham 11c per can.
Sardines in oil 5c per can.
Sardines in mustard 10c per can.
French mustard 15c per jug.
Full cream cheese 12c.
Royal baking powder 42c per lb.
Banner smoking tobacco 16c per lb.
No. 1 lamp chimneys, 3c each.
No. 2 lamp chimneys, 5c each.
Preston Fine Cut tobacco 25c per lb.

3lb can pumpkin, 3 for 25c
Sugar syrup 25c per gal.
9 sticks coffee essence for 10c.
Lampwicks 1 yd long, 10c per doz.
8 lbs rolled oats 25c.
Best can baking powder, 20c per lb.
23 boxes matches 300 to box 25c.
25 lbs sulphur \$1.00.
Good dried beef 8c per lb.
Large boxes toothpicks 5c.
Arm and Hammer brand soda 6c per lb.
Three black crow plug tobacco 25c per lb.
Rising Sun Stove polish, 5c per pkg.
Fine roasted peanuts 8c per lb.
Molasses bbls for sale cheap
All patent medicines one-fourth off.
6 doz clothes pins, 5c.
Pint fruit jars, 75c per doz
Quart fruit jars, 90c
Half gal fruit jars, \$1.10 per doz.

Verily, merrily, more and more,
It pays to trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE

TO
CATCH
THE
READER

the successful advertiser places his announcements in

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

VOL. IV. NO. 16. CHELSEA, MICH., JULY 1, 1892. WHOLE NUMBER, 172.

which has the largest circulation of any paper published in Chelsea; and proves every claim that it makes in regard to its circulation.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of SELF CURE. To those who wish, and will give him their symptoms, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address in confidence, JAMES W. PINKNEY, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure the blues.
Ripans Tabules cure jaundice.

A BIG OFFER

TO STANDARD READERS.

We have arranged to club THE CHELSEA STANDARD with that bright, pure, sparkling periodical, SUNSHINE; FOR YOUTH. Our arrangements are such that it will be sent to Each New Subscriber and also to all old ones who have paid in advance, for the full term of one year; we do all this without increasing our subscription price a penny. We feel that our efforts in supplying both papers for the price of our own alone will be appreciated and thus bear the good fruit of mutual satisfaction and benefit.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23, 1892.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

An Interesting Budget from the Nation's Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The illumination in the streets of Washington during the time that the members of the Grand Army are in the city, will be unique and will excel anything ever seen in this part of the country. There will be a large number of what are called universal signs on which are the names of the great battles and of the generals who lead the Union hosts to victory. These will be grouped about the various corps badges, the battles and names of generals being associated as nearly as possible with the corps with which they were identified. Of course, these names and badges are produced by the electric lights, thousands of incandescent lamps being employed in doing so. A design that will be of special interest will be erected at the head of Fifteenth street at the entrance to the White Lot. It will be a huge facsimile of the G. A. R. badge, eighteen feet high. This badge is made up of incandescent lamps of the various colors that go to make up the badge; and when the lights are turned on the emblem produces a gorgeous and magnificent Grand Army medal. The great display of the wonders of electricity will be shown in the White House grounds in front of the President's house. Here innumerable lights will be hidden in the shrubbery, all of them changeable in their character and disappearing and reappearing in the most bewildering manner. The trees and shrubbery will be fairly magnetized with electricity and the effects will be novel and in many respects startling. The illumination of the Capitol building will be something out of the ordinary and will be accomplished by the use of a vast number of electric search lights. These powerful lights, stationed on the top of the high building will be thrown upon the dome of the Capitol, and cause that wonderful structure to stand out like a piece of marble statuary against the dark background of the sky. Taken altogether the illumination of Washington on this occasion will surpass anything yet attempted, and will be a revelation to the thousands of spectators.

All political eyes are turning toward Washington now. The approaching gathering of the old soldiers interests thousands of people. You hear it talked of on every hand. The Grand Army button is beginning to make its appearance on the streets, the old soldiers are brushing up their uniforms and war reminiscences and preparing to meet their old friends. Mr. Cleveland's ears will probably burn when the Grand Army boys get together. The Grand Army is supposed to be a non-political organization, but it could scarcely be expected that in a presidential year so many old soldiers would get together without the politician getting in his work on them. There is reason to believe that the old soldiers will be reminded a good many times before they get away from Washington of Mr. Cleveland's veto record, and if Bourke Cockran and Gen. Sickles are not quoted several times to the effect that Cleveland cannot get the vote of the old soldiers then there is more forgetfulness on the republican side than could reasonably be expected.

While there is nothing in the late reports from Loon Lake to indicate that Mrs. Harrison is making any substantial progress toward recovery, it is encouraging to learn that her symptoms are more favorable, and it is needless to say that the hope of her restoration to health is universal. The whole country feels an interest in this matter partaking more or less of a personal character, for the reason that all our citizens, without regard to politics or party bias, feel an immediate and loyal interest in whatever effects the welfare of the President or of the President's household, even though they may be strangers to both. Whether the President will be able to visit the Capital during the encampment week depends, of course, upon Mrs. Harrison's condition. Earnest and enthusiastic as he is in regard to the great reunion, and reluctant as he might otherwise feel to absent himself on this occasion, he will remain at his wife's bedside so long as the emergency renders his presence necessary. The veterans of the Grand

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS

In every conceivable cloth and color and by far the best stock we have ever shown.

CLOAKS

A special feature in our cloaks this year, is that they are right in style. And also our plain garments are all silk lined and at prices as low as others ask for unlined ones.

Attend our special Saturday sales.

Respectfully,

GEO. H. KEMPF.

GUN HEADQUARTERS

We have a full line of Breech Loading Guns at all prices, also reloading tools, brass and paper shells, powder and shot, gun implements. Be sure and see us before buying, as we are making some very low prices.

Special Prices on Buggies for the next thirty days.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Army are exceedingly anxious to see the President and to pass before him in review, but their anxiety for Mrs. Harrison outweighs all other considerations.

The proposition is being discussed among a few citizens and Grand Army men to agitate at the coming encampment the idea of the erection in this city of a memorial arch to the Grand Army of the Republic. It is suggested that it is now a good time to discuss the question of providing a lasting tribute in stone and bronze to the achievements of the men who compose the army and whose ranks are rapidly thinning. It is said that the idea often advanced heretofore of erecting a memorial will eventually crystallize into result, and that this encampment offers the most auspicious occasion for the beginning of it.

Senator Pettigrew was in Washington for a short time this week. Speaking of the political outlook to your correspondent he said: Our folks (the republicans) are greatly encouraged. We think we are going to carry New York. The betting is in favor of Harrison. I think the result of the Maine election will do us good, if the majority does not get too large. A small majority in Maine is what we want to work our folks and to wake them up.

The stars and stripes float in the Arctic breeze, at two points nearest to the north pole ever reached by man.

The road question ought to be a matter of politics, not of party politics, but of the politics of all parties. It is most as needful that the state should have good roads as that it should have good schools. Let us hear from all the campaign speakers concerning road improvements.—Ex.

One of the latest promises of science is to bottle up, or store up, the sun's surplus heat and give it out as desired, and thus save the necessity of coal or wood as fuel. It would be much cleaner you know, to buy a few bottles of sunlight to cook the dinner with than to litter up the kitchen with kindling and coal.

The rumor that England and other foreign powers were only waiting for a favorable opportunity, during the revolutionary period in Venezuela, to take forcible possession of that country, has caused Uncle Sam to send three war ships down there to prevent a violation of the Monroe doctrine, peaceably, if they can; forcibly, if they must.

DURING the 55 years that Michigan has been a state, she has had only one farmer senator and he served only two years, therefore the farmers have been represented in that body only 1-55th of the time. Michigan's total years in congress have been 503, and of this great number she has been represented by a farmer only 32 years, 1-16th of the time. And the farmer has also been represented in the gubernatorial chair only 10 years, 2-11ths of her existence. It would seem to an honest and impartial looker on the great and treacherous sea of politics, that it was about time the farmers had their innings.

PAY day to the artisan is what harvest is to the tillers of the soil. If the farmer is profligate and lets the rain rot his wheat, lets the frost nip his fruits and the cold kill his vegetables, he will be in want and wretchedness all his days. If the mechanic is indiscreet, and imprudently spends his weekly wages, as if he owned the factory and several others besides, he will one day rub very hard against the rough side of life, and as is usual in such cases, he will be ready to saddle the blame for his misfortunes on the shoulders of some one else. By making the most of the opportunities at hand, any free American can become the owner of a cozy home and a comfortable competency, if he will use the judgment born of discretion.—Ex.



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